

THE UNIQUE TECHNIQUE AND PERFORMANCE METHODS OF MAQOM ART

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Abdullayeva Sohiba Teacher, Uzbek National Music Art Institute Named After Yunus RajabiTashkent, Uzbekistan sohiba0112@gmail.com

Abstract

Maqom art is a unique example of the national musical heritage of Central Asia, particularly in Uzbekistan, Tajikistan, and neighboring countries. This art form is distinguished by its complex melodic structure, unique performance techniques, and special vocal and instrumental styles. Melismatic singing, improvisation, and intricate rhythmic structures play a crucial role in Maqom performance. Additionally, the division of Maqom into the Fergana-Tashkent, Khorezm, and Bukhara-Samarkand schools highlights the diversity of performance styles across different regions. This article analyzes the technical and performance characteristics of Maqom art and explores its significance in musical culture.

Keywords: Maqom art, musical heritage, performance techniques, melismatic singing, improvisation, rhythmic structures, Fergana-Tashkent school, Khorezm school, Bukhara-Samarkand school, instrumental styles, vocal traditions.

Introduction

The art of Maqom is an inseparable part of the rich musical heritage of the Uzbek people. This art form is not only a means of musical expression but also a reflection of the nation's spiritual world, inner emotions, and cultural values. With its deep meaning and fluid structure, Maqom serves as one of the most effective tools for expressing the historical journey, emotional state, and spirituality of the people. This article analyzes the relationship between Maqom art and the spiritual values of the people, as well as its significance and role in music.

Maqom art is not solely intended for aesthetic purposes; it also embodies the moral norms, philosophical views, and spiritual values of the people. Each Maqom carries a unique message: love, birth and death, patriotism, patience, justice, enlightenment, and many other ideas inherent in humanity are given a musical form within Maqom compositions.

1. Magom as an Expression of Spiritual Foundations

Maqoms are regarded as a means of expressing the spiritual foundations of the people, their entire worldview, and their perception of life. Through Maqom performances, human emotions—such as love, sorrow, joy, hope, and fear—come to life through music. This music not only establishes aesthetic value but also conveys logical and moral principles of the people.



2. Religious and Sufi Influences in Uzbek Magom

Some forms of Uzbek Maqom are inspired by religious ideas and Sufi philosophy. In certain variants of Maqom, spiritual purification, connection with the Divine, and religious thoughts aimed at cleansing the soul are strongly reflected. Through the combination of music and poetry, Maqom aims to facilitate the spiritual elevation of an individual and a transformation in their worldview.

3. Maqom as a Reflection of National Traditions and Values

The art of Maqom is closely connected with the national values, traditions, and customs of the Uzbek people. Maqom expresses themes related to traditional life, labor, family values, birth, upbringing, and reconciliation. It reflects concepts of compassion, kindness, humanism, equality, and mutual respect, which are fundamental values of the people.

Maqom art has also been used as a means of personal development and spiritual purification. It not only enriches the performer but also leads the listener to profound spiritual transformations. Listening to and performing Maqom helps individuals reconnect with the past, reflect on their inner state, and achieve spiritual cleansing. The performance of Maqom enhances a person's spiritual wealth and broadens their worldview.

In the modern era, Maqom art continues to preserve its traditional forms while integrating with new styles. Although Maqom is primarily performed in its classical forms, its modernization and the introduction of new performance techniques allow it to stay in harmony with contemporary times. At the same time, Maqom art expresses the spiritual values of the people in a new form, increasing its significance within the global cultural context.

Maqom art stands out with its unique performance techniques and styles. This musical genre is primarily based on delicate melodic structures, rhythmic patterns that reflect the spiritual world of the people, and the distinctive vocal techniques of the performer. In Maqom performance, every musical note, every phrase, and every tone is filled with deep meaning and emotion. The technique and performance style of Maqom require not only musical knowledge but also profound spiritual experience and emotional expression skills. This article provides a detailed analysis of the unique techniques and performance methods of Maqom art.

One of the key features of Maqom is its melodic structure. The melodies used in Maqom differ from traditional folk songs, as they encompass broader tonal cycles and fully developed expressions. The scales and tones used in Maqom have distinctive characteristics that set them apart from modern musical forms, with their expressive potential and unique methods of articulation. The technique of Maqom art also places great emphasis on musical ornamentation. These embellishments not only enhance the beauty of the music but also deepen its emotional meaning. For example, musical decorations such as trills, glissandos, and vibratos bring the performer's voice to life and expand the spiritual essence of the music.

Rhythm and tempo play a crucial role in Maqom's technique. The rhythmic structures in Maqom contain one or several tempos characteristic of each genre. These rhythms and tempos are carefully preserved by the performer and are harmonized with the musical details.

Maqom performance demands a unique vocal technique from the performer. The strength, subtlety, and expressiveness of the voice are of great importance. Different vocal levels (or

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"phrases") help convey various emotions. Performers manage their voice smoothness, pitch, and tonal quality in a distinctive style.

The modes used in Magom form the foundation of its musical structure and determine its tonal characteristics. Uzbek Magom has a specific modal system, with each Magom having its own mode that requires a deep understanding and appropriate stylistic execution from the performer. Magom art is traditionally performed within the master-apprentice tradition. Magom performers develop their skills through direct instruction from a mentor. In this tradition, listening and understanding play a more significant role than simply reading music. Traditional Magom performance relies heavily on improvisation and the performer's ability to convey

Improvisation is an essential element of Magom performance. Every performer can incorporate their own emotional explorations and interpretations into their execution. This is particularly important in reflecting the subtlety and uniqueness of Magom. Improvisation allows the performer to create new forms of expression and strengthens the emotional connection between the performer and the listener.

5. Emotional and Expressive Power of Maqom

Magom art is especially powerful in its emotional and expressive impact through voice and music. Each Magom composition uses specific techniques and vocal dynamics to express its spiritual, historical, and philosophical essence. The performer deeply understands the meaning of Magom and embodies it in every tone and phrase.

6. Monophonic and Harmonic Elements in Magom

Magom is primarily monophonic, meaning that it is traditionally performed with a single melodic line. However, in some cases, harmonic elements may be introduced to enrich the composition. This technique allows the performer to create suitable harmonies for each piece, elevating their vocal and emotional expression to a higher level through each note and chord. In conclusion, Magom is a profound and expressive musical tradition that requires not only technical mastery but also deep emotional engagement from the performer. While preserving its classical roots, Maqom continues to evolve with new performance techniques, making it relevant in both traditional and modern contexts.

Conclusion

Magom art stands out for its unique performance techniques, complex melodic and rhythmic structures, and deep spiritual expression. This art form is not only an essential part of musical heritage but also a means of reflecting the spiritual, philosophical, and moral values of the people. The performance techniques of Maqom require a high level of skill, improvisation, and emotional expression.

One of the key characteristics of Maqom is its melodic structure, distinct rhythmic patterns, modal systems, and high vocal technique demands. During the performance, Magom musicians must deeply understand their art, not only from a technical perspective but also from an emotional and philosophical one.



Maqom performance has been passed down through generations via the master-apprentice tradition, ensuring its continuity and evolution. The development of Maqom also depends on the creative approach of performers. Additionally, improvisation remains one of the most significant aspects of Maqom, allowing each performer to bring their unique interpretation and style.

Today, while preserving its traditional form, Maqom is also being enriched with modern musical influences and performance techniques. This contributes to its growing recognition on an international level and enhances its cultural significance. Therefore, Maqom is not only an integral part of Uzbek music but also an important component of world cultural heritage.

For future generations, Maqom should remain not only a means of musical expression but also a symbol of spiritual purification, national identity, and cultural preservation.

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