

GUARANTEES TO PROVIDE SOCIAL PROTECTION AND LIVING CONDITIONS FOR THE POPULATION

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Abstract

Social protection of the population is one of the main forces of the development of our society, the level of living standards of the population and social stability, equal rights, differences between our people, employment of the population, and the implementation of a number of programs and reforms implemented by our state to improve the lives of the poor, needy and those in need of social protection are reflected.

Keywords: Social stability, disparities, need, reforms, need for protection, reforms, systemic approach, qualifications and professional skills.

Introduction

Providing employment to the population is of great social importance for us not only economically, but also. Khokimiyats, ministries and departments, as well as employing organizations, should be more actively involved in this work, as well as banking institutions. Shavkat Mirziyoyev noted that we should also use the great potential of tourism development to solve the problem of population employment.

Today, one of the main criteria for the development of society is the standard of living and social stability of the population. Although our state is implementing a number of programs and reforms, some shortcomings remain.

Main part:

Limited economic opportunities. Many needy families do not have a permanent job. Competition in the labor market has increased, but the lack of qualifications and professional skills reduces their economic activity. Low level of education and skills. Neediness often persists in families with limited access to education. This leads to the fact that the new generation also does not have sufficient economic opportunities.

Insufficient development of social infrastructure. Families living in remote areas, in particular, have low access to healthcare, education, transport and communication services. This makes it difficult for them to actively integrate into society. Psychological and social factors. Poverty causes not only economic, but also psychological pressure. Lack of confidence in one's own abilities, reduced social activity are also factors that prevent people from getting out of a difficult situation.

Bureaucratic obstacles and lack of information. Documents and official procedures required to use state assistance programs are sometimes difficult for ordinary citizens.

Relevance of the topic

In accordance with the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, all citizens have the same rights and freedoms and are equal before the law, regardless of gender, race, nationality, language, religion, belief, social origin, social status. Privileges are determined only in accordance with the law and must comply with the principles of social justice. The Constitution states that privileges are established only by law and must comply with the principles of social justice.

The right to life of a person, regardless of who he is in life, is guaranteed by law as a priority. Each person directly refers to the rights and freedoms established in the Constitution in his daily life. Our Constitution is a supreme legal document that guarantees the rights and freedoms of man and citizens by its content and essence.

It is indicated that human rights and freedoms are exercised only in accordance with the law and only to the extent necessary to protect the constitutional system, the health of the population, social morality, the rights and freedoms of other persons, and to ensure public safety and public order.

It is stipulated that democratic principles prevail and that human freedom does not undermine the freedom of another person and individual. Ensuring human rights and freedoms, as well as providing employment, is the supreme goal of the state. The state ensures the rights and freedoms of man and citizen, enshrined in the Constitution and laws.

Historical processes and the experience of the development of world states show that the problems of state and administrative-territorial structure are very relevant from a political and legal point of view.

The state carries out various activities in order to fulfill the main tasks facing it, such as organizing the economic life of the population, ensuring its security, ensuring safe working conditions and other functions. The larger the population in a state, the larger its territorial area, the more difficult it is to regulate it from above in these conditions.

Conclusion

In recent years, great strides have been made in the areas of historical development. Strong social policy is consistently implementing the goals of raising the standard of living of the population, economic prosperity, preventing sharp differences in income and lifestyle, inequality, and ensuring that every person is not left out of the attention and care of the state. State assistance to those in need of social protection is considered an important basis for ensuring stability and justice in society. The principle of a social state, enshrined in our new Constitution, is being implemented in life.

The results achieved in social protection confirm this. If we compare, we can see that changes and innovations in the field of social protection of the population are reflected not only in decisions and programs, but also in the lives of families.

It is noted that in recent years, poor families in the regions and districts have been brought together and individual work has been established with them. As a result, several thousand people from poor families have been permanently employed, and several thousand people have increased their income through entrepreneurship and homesteading. Several thousand kindergartens, clubs and vocational training have been provided, and several thousand needy citizens have been provided with medical assistance.

It is worth concluding that getting poor and socially vulnerable families out of difficult situations is not only a state task, but also a common responsibility of the entire society. Every citizen, entrepreneur, education and healthcare system, and, of course, teachers, must actively participate in this path. These obstacles can be gradually eliminated through education, vocational training, psychological support and the provision of accurate information.

These opportunities lead to a significant potential in the development of the socio-economic development of our country, the prosperity of our spiritual and educational, national ideals, and the rise of our cultural and aesthetic spheres. Attention is paid to improving the professional skills of our people, instilling a sense of respect for the working person, and further increasing the level of their preparation for useful work.

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